

## 1. Abstract

The imperatives to adopt multidisciplinary approaches for the implementation of the sustainable development goals and other sustainability projects cannot be overemphasized. The pertinent challenge is to identify the most appropriate variables for the right blend. Therefore, the variables of laws, co-operatives, and public administration is proposed for sustainability projects.

## 2. Definition of terms

**Laws:** Legal frameworks at sub-national, national, regional, and global levels of governance.



**Co-operatives:** Social solidarity economy, mutual organisations, co-operative organisation, community currencies, peer-to-peer activities.



**Public Administration:** Public institutions at sub-national government, national government, sub-regional organisations, regional organisations, global organisations



**Sustainability:** Sustainable living, sustainable future, perpetuity.



## 3. Introduction

**Laws:** and the legal frameworks embodies systems of rules that regulates actions of humans and states.

Laws have binding effects on policy formulation and execution. Often, laws are endowed with means of enforcement, hence a desirable tool for cohesion.

Laws provide the overriding templates for the implementation of sustainability projects.

**Co-operatives:** are an autonomous association of persons united voluntarily to meet their common economic, social and cultural needs and aspirations through a jointly-owned and democratically-controlled enterprise. They engage in a broad range of economic endeavours that reconciles economic and social peculiarities. Co-operatives promote socio-economic (sustainable) profits instead of financial profits. Among others, they offer panacea against the harshness of capitalism.

**Public administration:** is the execution of public policies by government officials. It is the execution of laws, which encompasses planning, organising, directing, coordination, and controlling of government operations. Global public administration take public administration across national boundaries with a global perspective.

**Sustainability:** is the programmed utilisation of human, economic, environmental and social resources in manners that integrate projected future demands into current needs.

There are viable links between laws, co-operatives, public administration and the implementation of sustainability projects.

## 4. Objective

The objective is to promote the intersection of laws, co-operatives and public administration for the implementation of sustainability projects.

Particularly, private sector initiatives and alternatives to governments as represented by the co-operatives.

## 5. Conclusion

Laws are templates for the actions of private and public persons and institutions. Public administration executes laws, although with visible shortcoming which comes in varying degrees across the world.

In many of these cases, models of private sector initiatives and alternatives to governments as represented by the co-operatives provide remedial.

Thus, what could have been substantial collapse in the implementation of sustainability projects in some parts of the world is mitigated by works of the co-operatives.

## 6. Recommendations

Promotion of laws in the implementation of sustainability projects; promotion of co-operatives to serve as supplementary to public administration, or alternatives in some cases; promotion of the intersection of laws, co-operatives, and public administration in the implementation of sustainability projects; and the foregoing should start from *Future Earth*.

